

COUNCIL OF THE ISLES OF SCILLY

Application Number: P/17/039/FUL	Town and Country Planning (Environmental
	Impact Assessment) (England and Wales)
Screened by: Steph Wade	Regulation 2015
Planning Officer	regulation 2015
On: 19th May 2017	

This is a schedule 2 development by virtue of 3 (i) of Schedule 2 of the EIA Regs

1. The characteristics of development must be considered having regard in particular to:

a) the size of the development;	Construction of a three storey rear extension to a terraced residential dwelling. Total floorspace increase (measured externally) 31.9 sqm. max height: 7.4 metres.	
b) the accumulation with other development;	The proposed extension would be an addition to an existing terraced dwelling within a built up area. The development would take up most of the rear courtyard (albeit the pedestrian right of way) and would therefore be an accumulation of built development.	
c) the use of natural resources;	Some use of natural resources in terms of materials of construction.	
d) the production of waste;	Some production of waste for construction purposes. Minor scale.	
e) pollution and nuisances;	Some pollution and nuisance as a result of construction works.	
f) the risk of accidents, having regard in particular to substances or technologies used.	Likely to be low risk of accidents having regard to the standard technologies to be used.	

2. The environmental sensitivity of geographical areas likely to be affected by development must be considered having regard, in particular, to:

a) the existing land use;	The existing land use is residential.	

b) the r	elative abundance, quality and	Outside the site and the built up area there is a	
regenerative capacity of natural resources in the		high abundance of high quality natural	
area;		resources, both coastal and countryside of both	
		designated international importance and local	
		nature reserves.	
c) the a	bsorption capacity of the natural	The application is for a 3 storey extension to a	
enviror	nment, paying particular attention to the	terraced dwelling within an existing built up area	
followi	ng areas:	of relatively high density within the townscape of	
		Hugh Town. The absorption capacity of the	
l.	Wetlands;	natural environment is considered to be high.	
II.	Coastal zones;	-	
III.	Mountain and forest areas;		
	Nature reserves and parks;		
V.	Areas classified or protected under		
	Member states' legislation; areas		
	designated by Member States pursuant to		
	Council Directive 79/409/EEC on the		
	conservation of Wild Birds (a) and Council		
	Directive 92/43/EEC on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and		
	flora (b);		
\/I	Area in which the environmental quality		
۷۱.	standards laid down in Community		
	legislation have already been exceeded;		
VII.			
VIII.	Landscapes of historical, cultural or		
	archaeological significance;		

3. The potential significant effects of development must be considered in relation to criteria set out under paragraphs 1 and 2 above, and having regard in particular to:

a) The extent of the impact (geographical	The impact will be limited to the building and	
areas and size of the affected population);	the loss of residential external amenity area.	
b) The trans-frontier nature of the impact;	There will not be any trans-frontier impacts	
c) The magnitude and complexity of the	Low	
impact;		
d) The probability of the impact;	Low	
e) The duration, frequency and reversibility of	The proposed dwelling would be permanent	
the impact.	and irreversible.	

Q 1	Is it a major development which is of more than local importance?	N
) 2	Does it affect a particularly environmentally sensitive or vulnerable location?	N
~ _	book it allook a particularly offvironimoritary contentito of variorable location.	
		l N

Q3 Does it have unusually complex and potentially hazardous environmental effects?			
Conclusion	Not required.		
Environmental Impact Assessment	Not required.		