

Coastal grass seed mix
Seed mix by SW Seeds www.swseeds.co.uk
or others similar compositions.
Seed mixes comprising 100% grasses .
Seeding rate 35-70g/m2 and oversown at 20-35g/m2
MIX
25% Slender Creeping Red Fescue
25% Hard Fescue
20% Perennial Ryegrass
20% Strong Creeping Red Fescue
2.5% Creeping Bent
2.5% Browntop Bent

SPECIES TO BE USED IN NATIVE SCRUB MIXES

5.0% Saltmarsh Grass

SPECIES	FORM	X TRANS.	HEIGHT	ROOT
Corylus avellana	Transplant	1+1	60-80cm	В
Crataegus mongyna	Transplant	1+1	60-80cm	В
Ilex aquifolium	3L container		40-60cm	С
Prunus spinosa	Transplant	1+1		В
Ulex europaeus	2L container		30-40cm	С
Ulex gallii	2L container		30-40cm	С
Salix cinerea	Transplant	1+1	60-80cm	В
Salix viminalis	Transplant	1+1	60-80cm	В
Ulmus sp	Transplant	1+1	60-80cm	В

Prunus avium Vaccinium

TREE SPECIES

SPECIES	FORM	GIRTH	HEIGHT	ROOT
Crataegus monogyna	Feathered/Standard	6-10cm	2.00-3.0m	С
Quercus ilex	Feathered/Standard	6-10cm	2.00-3.0m	С
Quercus petraea	Feathered/Standard	6-10cm	2.00-3.0m	С
Prunus avium	Feathered/Standard	6-10cm	2.00-3.0m	С
Ulmus procera	Feathered/Standard	6-10cm	2.00-3.0m	С
Sorbus aria	Feathered/Standard	6-10cm	2.00-3.0m	С

20% Wildflowers 5% Achillea millefolium - (Yarrow) 8% Anthyllis vulnearia - (Kidney Vetch) 0.5% Armeria maritima - (Thrift) 5% Centaurea scabiosa - (Greater Knapweed) 7% Daucus carota - (Wild Carrot) 4% Echium vulgare - (Viper's Bugloss) 7% Galium verum - (Lady's Bedstraw) 2% Hypericum perforatum - (Perforate St John's Wort) 2% Hypochaeris radicata - (Common Cat's-Ear) 8% Leucanthemum vulgare - (Ox-Eye Daisy) 3% Linaria vulgaris - (Yellow Toadflax) 10% Lotus Corniculatus - (Bird's-Foot Trefoil) 2% Ononis repens - (Common Restharrow) 1% Plantago coronopus - (Buck's-Horn Plantain) 1% Plantago maritima - (Sea Plantain) 5% Plantago media - (Hoary Plantain) 7% Prunella vulgaris - (Selfheal) 7% Rumex acetosa - (Common Sorrel) 5% Sanguisorba minor - (Salad Burnet) 0.25% Sedum album - (Biting Stonecrop) 0.25% Sedum anglicum - (English Stonecrop) 3% Silene maritima - (Sea Campion) 4% Silene vulgaris - (Bladder Campion) 1% Thymus praecox - (Wild Thyme) 1% Tragopogon pratensis - (Goat's Beard) 1% Tripleurospermum maritimum - (Sea Mayweed) 80% Grasses

2% Agrostis stolonifera - (Creeping Bent)

1% Briza media - (Quaking Grass)

4% Bromus erectus - (Upright Brome)

32% Cynosurus cristatus - (Crested Dog's-Tail)

30% Festuca ovina - (Sheep's Fescue)

25% Festuca rubra ssp rubra - (Red Fescue)

1% Koeleria macrantha - (Crested Hair Grass)

4% Phleum bertolonii - (Small Timothy)

1% Trisetum flavescens - (Yellow Oat Grass)

The landscape design rational is to provide:

a) vegetated margins along the east and west sides of the site, hedging to gardens and new planting to wrap around the upper buildings to absorb them into the landscape.

b) access to an upper area of natural grassland providing for informal recreation by residents whilst maintaining a natural appearance to the hill top when seen within the wider landscape.
c) a windbreak hedge, characteristic of the Islands, on the top of the hill to screen the

solar panels from views
d) an area of grassland and scrub south of the solar panels, managed for biodiversity.
where there will be no access except for maintenance.

e) planting design that will grade from amenity planting close to dwellings through naturalistic planting to purely native species with increased distance from the properties.

f) planting that reflects the character of the islands and is appropriate for the sites coastal location.

Implementation

All ground preparation and planting operations shall comply with BS4428 (1989) Code of Practice for General Landscape Operations and in accordance with good horticultural practice. All trees and shrubs to be to BS 3936 and National Plant Specification (HTA). All plant handling should conform to National Planting Specification Code of Conduct.

Soft landscape material should be sourced based on a hierarchical approach. In the first instance plant material shall be source using native plants of local provenance to the Isles of Scilly or plants grown and propagated on the islands. Where this is not possible plants and plant material should propagated and grown originate from Cornwall or reputable growers in the UK.

Strict bio-security measures shall be put in place when importing from the mainland to reducing the risk of introducing or spreading invasive non-native species and other harmful organisms such as diseases in the wild. A plant passport system should be used to make sure that plants being moved within Great Britain are healthy and traceable.

Management.

The site will be owned and managed by LiveWest. Long Term Management will require a LEMP to ensure the Biodiversity net gain for the site is delivered.

P3 | 01-05-24 | Update to suit architects relocation of binstore | 10-04-24 | Minor update to text, extra trees added for BNG | Planning Issue | Planning Issue

Foxford Design Chartered Landscape Architects

Huntsham Tiverton Devon EX16 7QH Tel: 01884 - 821786



Housing - Carn Thomas, St Marys

Landscape Strategy

Client	
LIVE	WEST

Date Drawn 05-09-2022 CF	Drawing number	Revision
05-09-2022 CF	2005.04	D2
Scale Status	2225-01	P3
1:250@A1 planning		